



AI Platforms Group



# AI Agents, and the Model Context Protocol

AI Platforms Group Briefing

Tom Martin, David Heurtaux, Kiran Ikram,  
Dan Sack, Djon Kleine, Niels Degrande

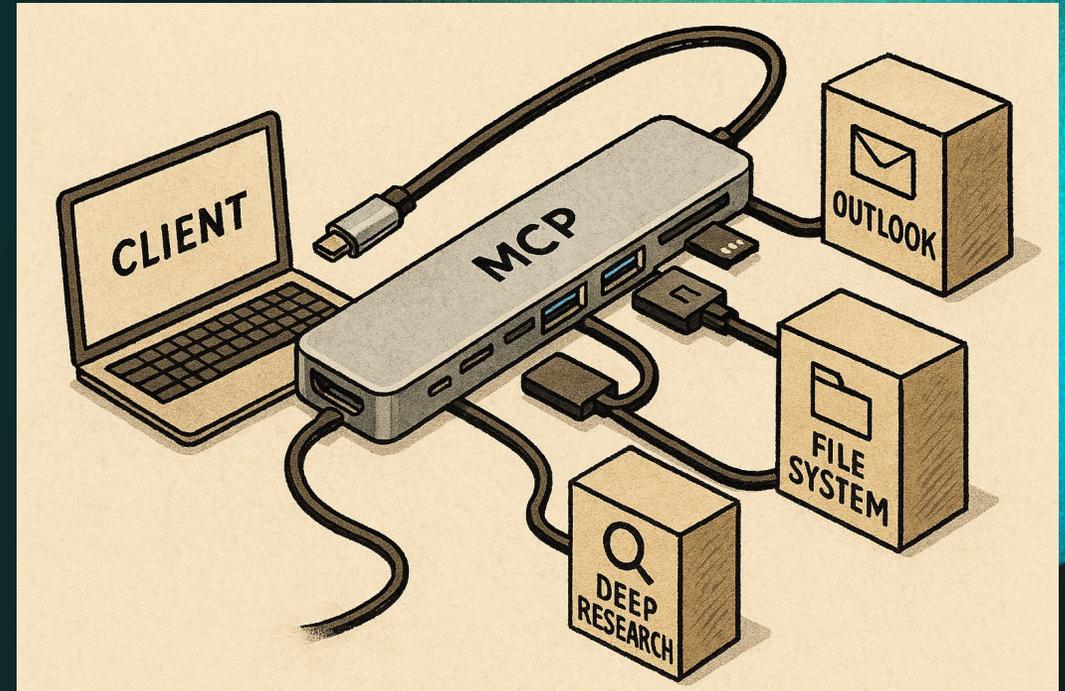
APRIL 2025

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The open-source **Model Context Protocol (MCP)** launched by Anthropic is growing in popularity. In four short months it has been adopted by OpenAI, Microsoft, Google, Amazon, and others marking a shift in how AI Agents observe, plan, and act with their environments.

But how does it make AI Agents more reliable, safe and enterprise-ready?

This short brief unpacks how AI Agents are evolving, MCPs role, and why it's a meaningful step towards agentic abundance



Source: Prompted in ChatGPT 4o

01

**How are Agents  
evolving?**

02

**Where do they have  
product-market-fit?**

03

**Can they be reliable  
and effective?**

04

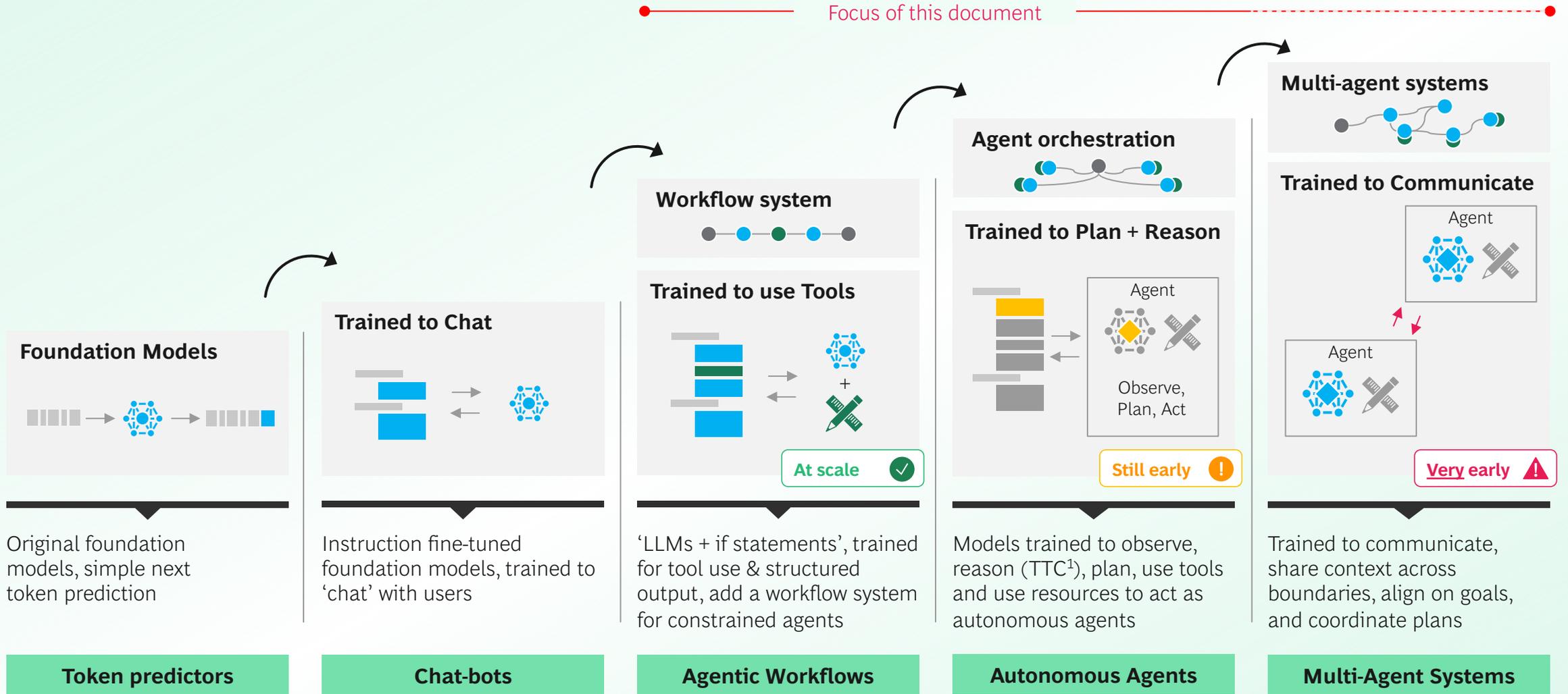
**MCP's role and  
building at scale**

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01

## How are Agents evolving?

# We are moving beyond ‘agentic if-statements’, towards autonomous agents

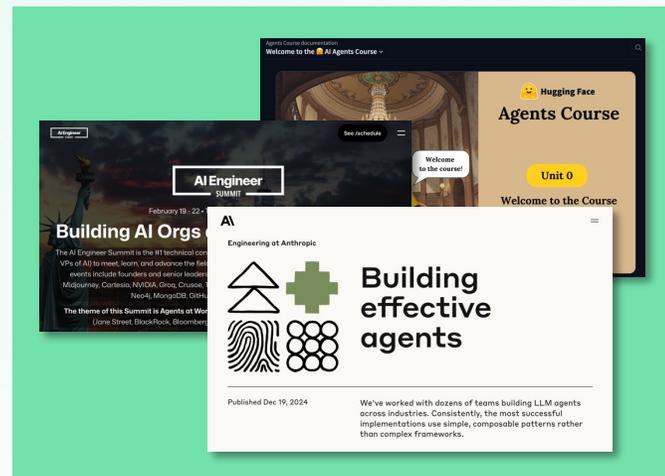


1. Test-Time-Compute, Source: BCG

# Techniques, frameworks and proof-points are maturing rapidly ...

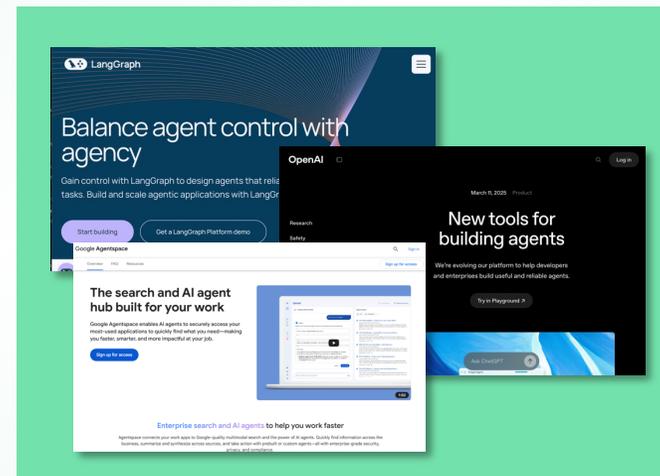
As techniques are shared, community grows

Industry-wide knowledge and training on how to build agents is growing, and being shared, leading to fast feedback cycles. With Anthropic, Pydantic, Langchain, Hugging face and others publishing detailed guides and training, and AI Engineering growing as a community



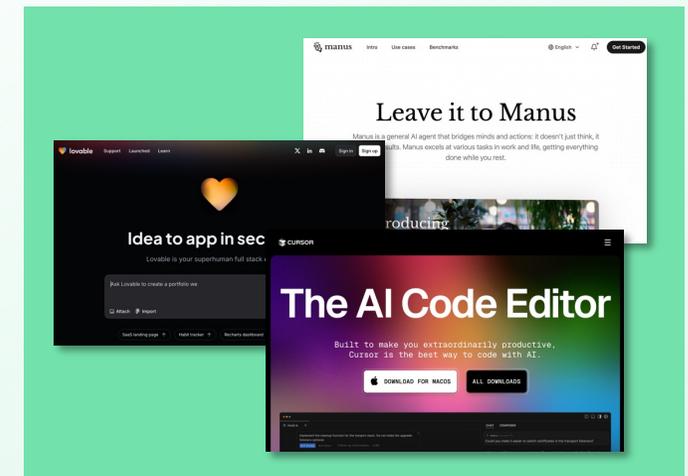
Agentic Frameworks lift the tide for all

It is getting faster and easier to build, deploy, and monitor agents. Established players are evolving (e.g. OAI Assistants, Copilot, Agentspace, Bedrock agents), new players entering the game (e.g. Cloudflare, Pydantic), and low-code platforms growing (e.g. Lindy, Dust.tt)



Proof-points are visible, compelling, and growing

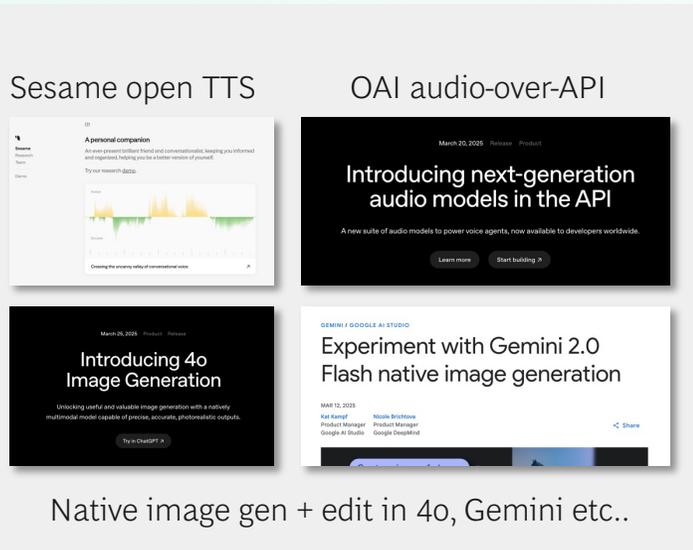
The first commercial agents are here, and generating meaningful revenue. From vibe-coders (v0, Cursor, Loveable, Bolt, Replit, Claude code), to consumer agents (e.g. Operator, Manus, and the many deep research's), to vertical B2B players (e.g. Intercom)



# ... and the underlying models are getting better and better

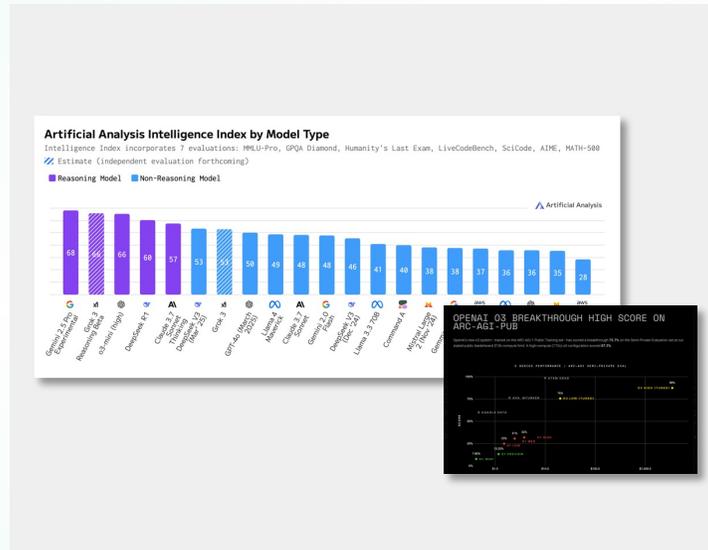
More modalities unlock more opportunity

Voice goes mainstream, native image gen and edit has gone viral, and video continues to evolve



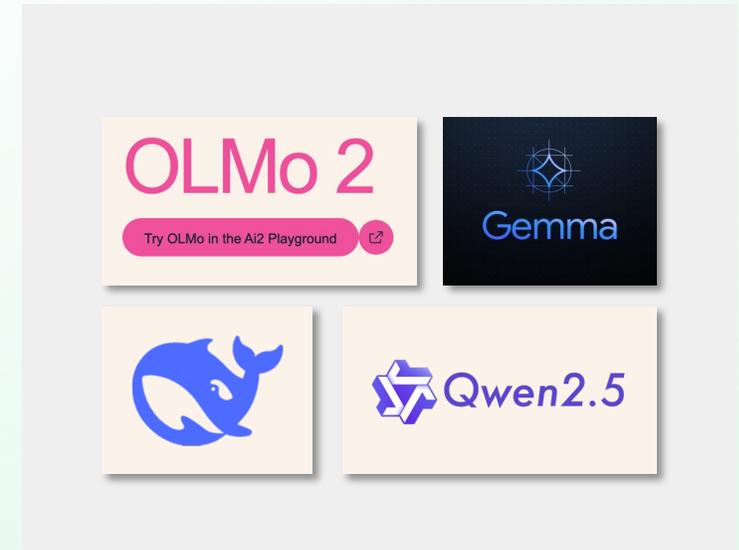
Better reasoning from Test-Time-Compute

<b>+81%</b>	<b>5 of 10</b>
Performance on ARC-AGI 1 in 6 months	5 of top 10 models are 'reasoning', and dominating leaderboards



Open innovation is driving cost down, and perf. up

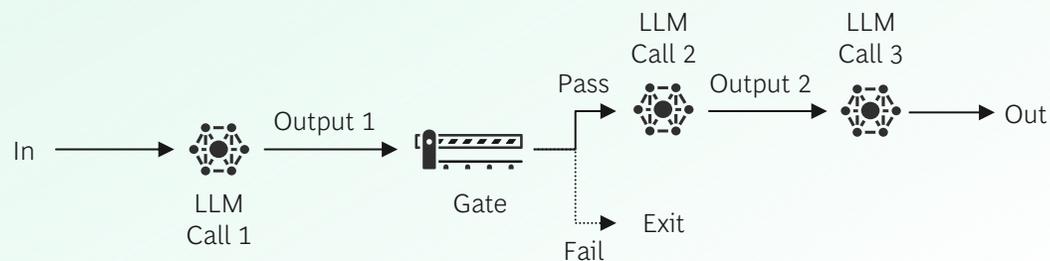
<b>~8-10</b>	<b>10x</b>
Open source models matching 2024 GPT-4 performance	Reduction in cost per token for frontier performance



# This maturity is driving a shift from predefined workflows to self-directed agents

## Agentic Workflows

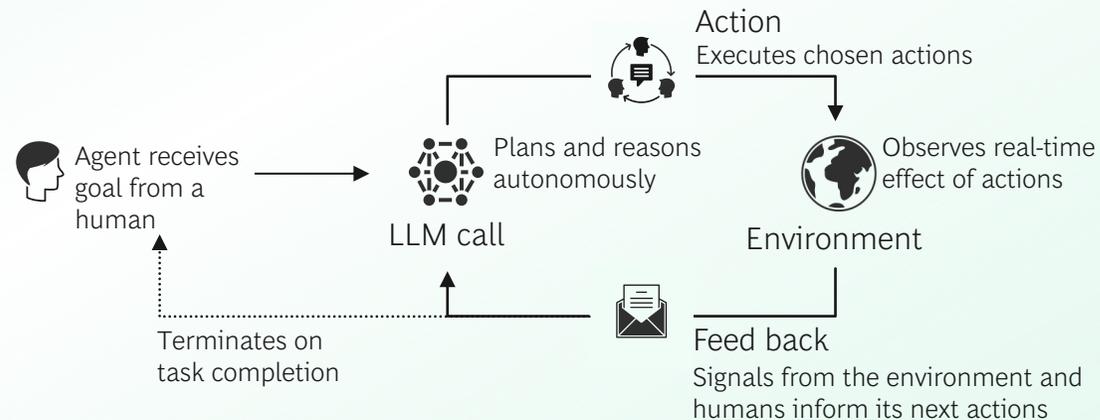
A common type of workflow, **prompt chaining** involves decomposing a task into a sequence of steps, where each LLM call processes the output of the previous one



- Are helpful when process consistency matters
- Good for problems where domain intelligence is valuable
- Are more predictable, but less adaptable to new inputs

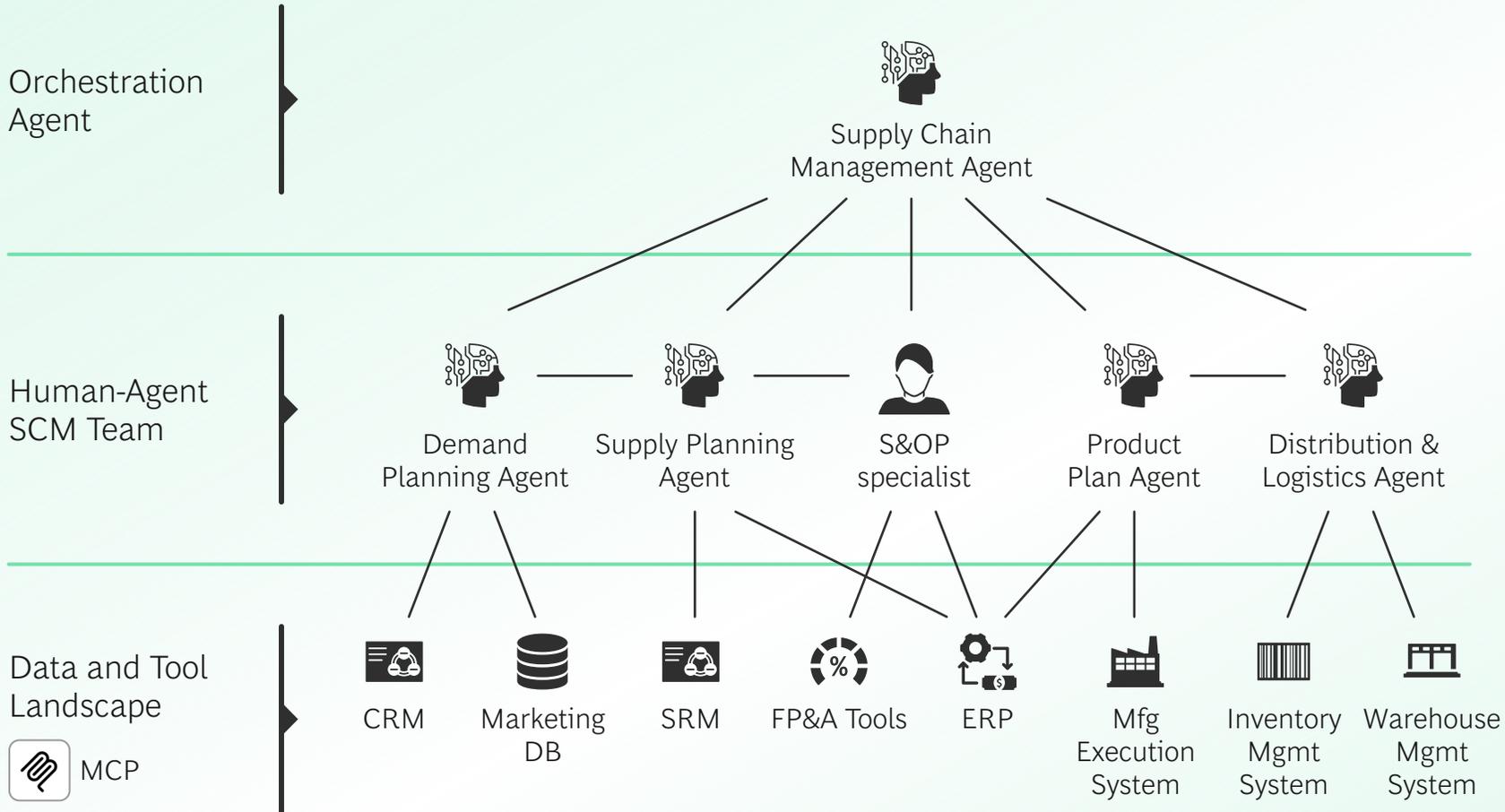
## Autonomous Agents

A common type of agent, involves **autonomous reasoning**, acting, and learning from feedback, where each LLM call is informed by real-time signals from its environment and previous actions



- Are helpful when process flexibility matters
- Good for problems where general intelligence is valuable
- Are less predictable, but can adapt to user needs

# Are we headed for a multi-agent future?



Agents can work together in networks and with humans to accomplish complex tasks or automate multi-step processes

**EXAMPLE**

## Advanced E2E Supply Chain Management

A human-agent team that coordinates input from multiple agents to manage the supply chain process end-to-end. MCP helps expose data and tools

Avoid 'microservices' thinking, focus on collaboration and networks 

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02

Where do they have product-market-fit?

# Coding agents among the first to reach product-market-fit

Vibe-coding players are moving fast and capturing the software development market, accelerating software time to market

Company	ARR	User Growth
 <b>CURSOR</b>	\$100M by the end of 2024	~40,000 active paying customers by end 2024, surged to 360,000 users currently
 <b>replit</b>	\$28M (2025 estimate)	30M users by Sep'24, approaching 40M users currently
 <b>bolt</b>	\$20M in 2 months	>100,000 weekly users in first 4 weeks (Nov'24) Currently at 3M registered users
 <b>lovable</b>	\$17M in 3 months	3000 initial paying customers 500,000 users since launch in Nov'24
   <span style="margin-left: 20px;">Extends to other vendors, data not available</span>		

To move from prototyping to production, vibe coding must mature



# Organizations are already gaining significant value from agentic workflows

## Bloomberg

Bloomberg's compliance agents rigorously check facts, catch edge-case risks and minimize exposure to costly mistakes. Agents execute structured workflows, **reducing time-to-decision by 30-50%**

## Booking.com



**Booking.com'** and **Jane Street's** coding agents reclaim developer time – culling dead code, cleaning up cruft, assist with code reviews and cut cycle times by **30%+**



**Brightwave's** research agents turn 10,000 pages of legal and financial text into crisp decision-ready takeaways- on demand, and at scale. Agents are able to cross reference diverse data sources in real-time, continuously refining their own output



**BCG** delivered 300+ GenAI agents across 100+ clients, unlocking up to 90% cost reduction, 50–75% faster execution, and **30–40% productivity uplift** across critical business functions within various industries<sup>1</sup>

## Future outlook

Only as **reasoning** and **evaluation** systems mature, will fully autonomous agents be able to handle complex, open-ended tasks

**Assistive agents** will thrive in high-risk domains, blending agent support with human judgement

Rule-based agents will remain as **reliable guardrails**, anchoring dynamic systems with predictability

**Adaptive agents** will lead enterprise adoption, balancing automation with real-time feedback and control

1. Metrics are illustrative, depending on specific implementation context, and not guaranteed  
Source: AI Engineering Summit 2025, Bloomberg, Booking.Com, Jane Street, Brightwave, LinkedIn; BCG

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03

Can they be reliable  
and effective?

# Benchmarks and studies are exploring agent reliability



Benchmarks are shifting to **measuring how well agents use tools** and handle end-to-end tasks over time within different domains



New test cases **emphasize edge scenarios** like missing tools, irrelevant queries, and incomplete inputs to probe agent robustness

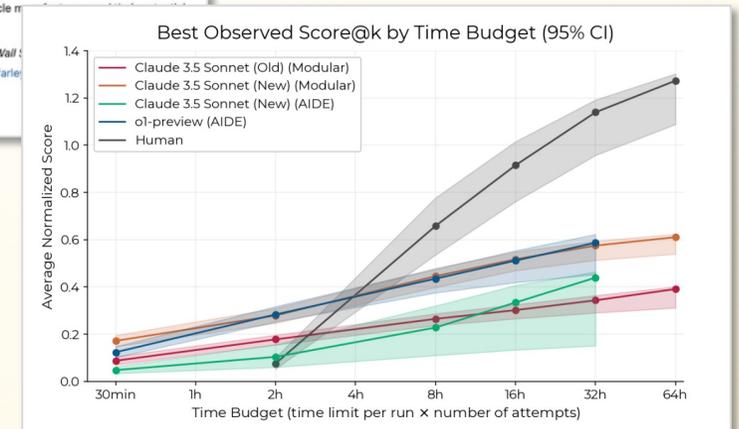


Increasing **focus on multi-turn tasks** requires agents to manage context, sequence actions, and adapt to evolving goals (e.g. ML training)



*"AI Search Has a Citation Problem: We Compared Eight AI Search Engines. They're All Bad at Citing News." Columbia Journalism Review*

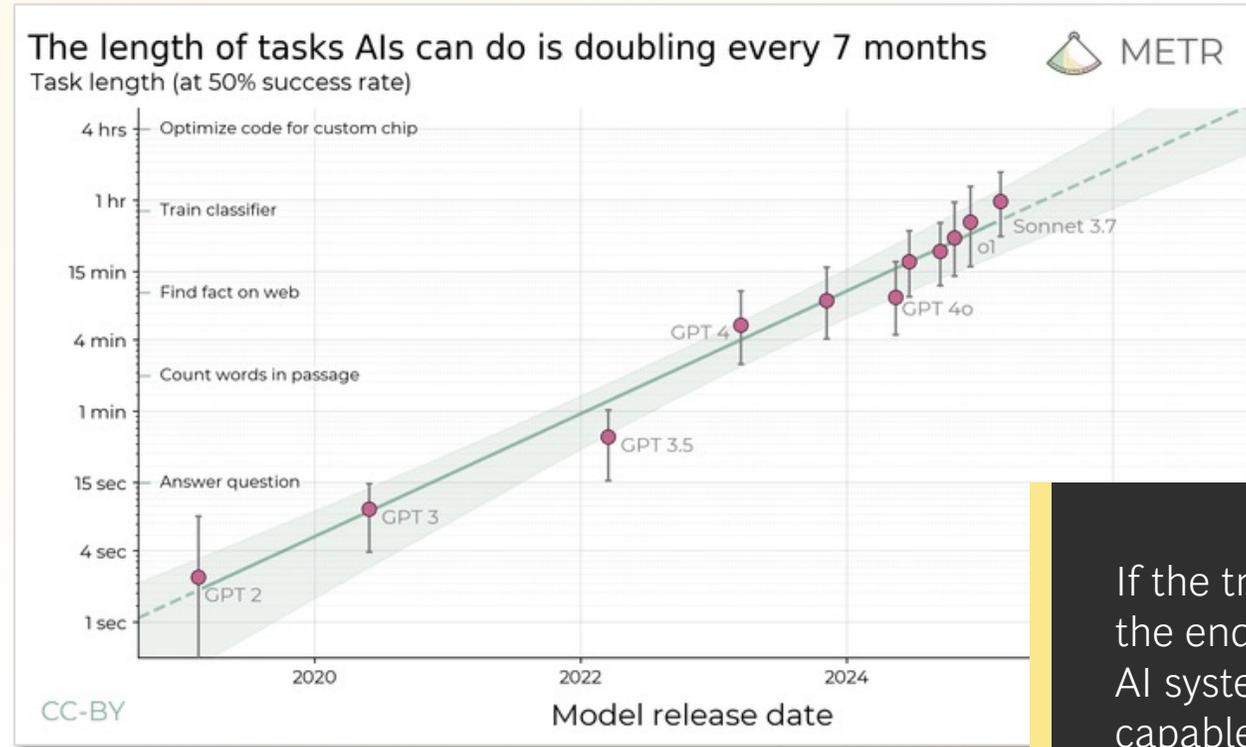
*RE-Bench Evaluating frontier AI R&D capabilities of language model agents against human experts*



# Today, AI Agents can reach '1h' of automation - doubling every 7 months

Current SOTA<sup>1</sup> models are capable of some tasks<sup>2</sup> that take even expert humans hours, but can **only reliably complete tasks of up to a few minutes long**

Length of addressable tasks with 50% reliability has **been doubling approximately every 7 months** for the last 6 years



If the trend continues to the end of this decade, AI systems will be capable of autonomously carrying out **month-long projects**

Source: Measuring AI Ability to Complete Long Tasks, arXiv:2503.14499 [cs.AI]; Illustrative diagram

1. State Of The Art 2. Time taken by human experts is strongly predictive of model success on a given task: current models have almost 100% success rate on tasks taking humans less than 4 minutes, but succeed <10% of the time on tasks taking more than around 4 hours

# BCG's Agent Assessment Framework

The 6 dimensions we use to track Agent performance in 2025

1	2	3	4	5	6
Reasoning & Planning	Task autonomy & Execution	Memory & Knowledge	Reliability & Safety	Integration & Interoperability	Social understanding
Ability to follow instructions, understand intent, infer, and make decisions based on data to form a plan	Function calling performance to execute tasks, interact with environments, and take goal-based actions	Ability to use and leverage knowledge, overall long context performance	The consistency, accuracy, and trustworthiness of an AI Agent's responses	Seamlessly exchange data, communicate, and collaborate with other systems or agents	Ability to interpret human intent, social cues, maintain character, and share context in natural language

# Constrained agents working today, but full autonomy on the horizon

	1 Reasoning & Planning	2 Task autonomy & Execution	3 Memory & Knowledge	4 Reliability & Safety	5 Integration & Interoperability	6 Social understanding
	Ability to understand, infer, and make logical decisions based on input data	Function calling performance to execute tasks, interact with environments, and take goal-based actions	Ability to use and leverage knowledge <sup>2</sup> , overall long context performance, and state representation	The consistency, accuracy, and trustworthiness of an AI Agent's responses	Seamlessly exchange data, communicate, and collaborate across with other agents or diverse platforms	Ability to interpret human intent, social cues, maintain relevant empathetic interactions
Current Capability Maturity						
Limitations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Struggles with multi-step reasoning and long-term dependencies</li> <li>Prone to hallucinations and incorrect inference</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Struggles with real-world execution beyond simulations</li> <li>Limited integration w/ external tools &amp; APIs</li> <li>Limited standardization</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Limited memory retention across long conversations</li> <li>Forgetfulness due to context window size restrictions</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Tendency to hallucinate or generate incorrect information</li> <li>Vulnerable to biases</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Data silos and inconsistent formats hinder interaction</li> <li>Security risks from broad access permissions</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Struggles with detecting emotional nuance and non-verbal intent</li> <li>Prone to misinterpreting ambiguous or implied language</li> </ul>
What needs to happen for these capabilities to evolve/mature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Advancements in multi-step reasoning, supported by a versatile action set</li> <li>Additionally, enabling reasoning during inference</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Standardized access<sup>1</sup></li> <li>Security initiatives (e.g., skimming prevention &amp; RBAC) Goal-seeking behavior</li> <li>Self-reproduction (future adv.)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Building contextual awareness (memory)</li> <li>Continuous learning and automatic recalibration of responses in light of past experiences</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Improved model calibration to assess confidence scores</li> <li>Evaluation metrics (output quality measurement)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Development of universal AI standards and frameworks for communication</li> <li>Improved middleware solutions to bridge platform gaps</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Fine-tuning on diverse multimodal human interaction datasets (cultural, emotional, conversational)</li> <li>Fine-tuning in multi-agent scenarios to develop inter-agent context sharing</li> </ul>

Perceived maturity by AI experts    Divergent expert perspective

Source: BCG analysis; Expert interviews

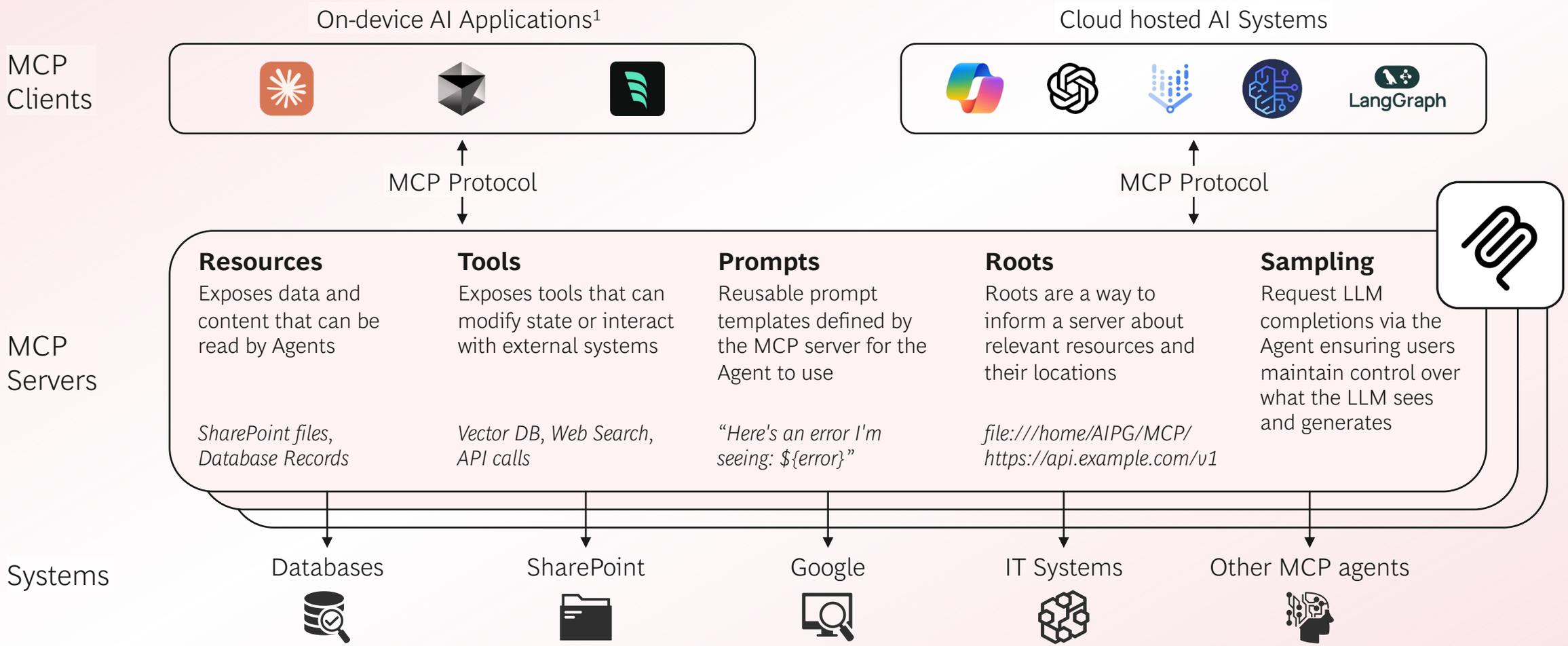
1. To tools & data; 2. Ability to use long-context windows, recall accuracy from training data, knowledge consciousness and ability to know when to call external tools, intra-session memory (learning)

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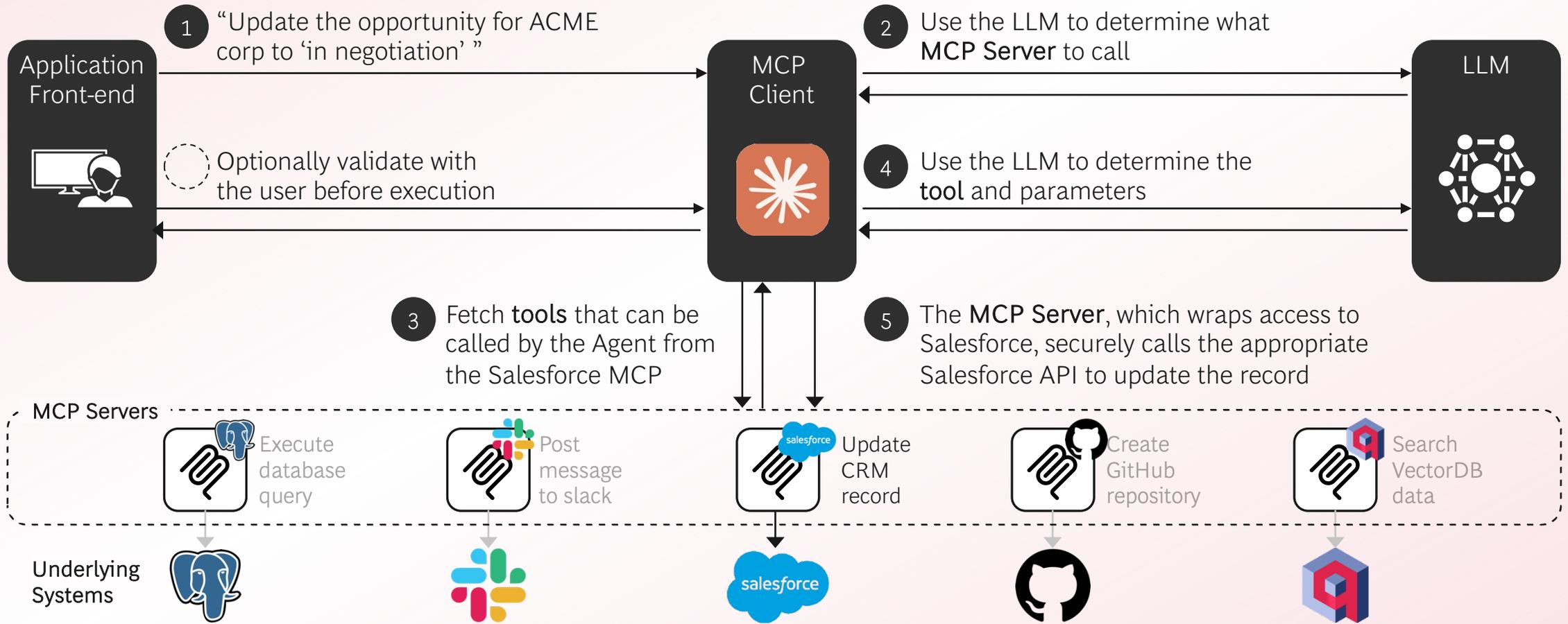
## MCP's role and building at scale

# The Model Context Protocol (MCP) exposes resources, tools and prompts to LLMs



1. In many current implementations (e.g., VS Code, Claude Desktop, Cursor), the front-end and MCP client are effectively merged. For custom enterprise deployments—such as those developed by BCG—this separation remains architecturally relevant and often intentional.  
 Source: Anthropic Model Context Protocol; BCG Experience

# MCP unlocks agentic workflows through one unified protocol



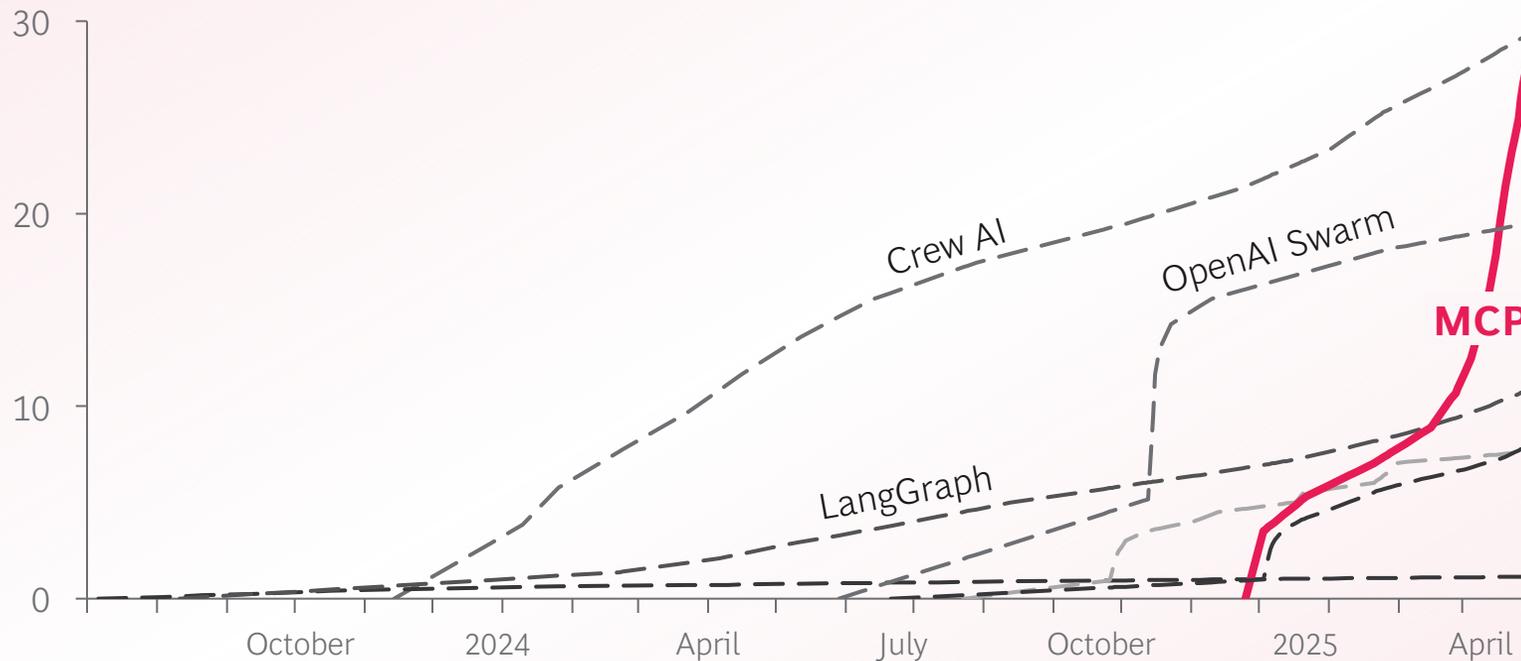
# MCP addresses 4 of the 6 capabilities seen as lacking in today's agents

1	2	3	4	5	6
Reasoning & Planning	Task autonomy & Execution	Memory & Knowledge	Reliability & Safety	Integration & Interoperability	Social understanding
MCP's Role					
MCP Servers expose prompt templates and tool registries which allow for high quality context to aid in tool use reasoning	MCP Clients and Servers allow agents to chain tool usage autonomously and coordinate execution across multi-tool workflows	MCP Servers allow clients to connect to external tools like Postgres for real-time data access or Vector Databases for knowledge access	The consistency, accuracy, and trustworthiness of an AI Agent's responses is driven by the model and evals	The MCP protocol resolves architectural fragmentation by bridging tools and platforms through standardized interfaces	Social understanding; link to empathy, intent detection, are inherent to the model

# MCP has gained popularity in the AI community

MCP is becoming the de facto standard by being an AI-native, open protocol backed by Anthropic; leveraging the successful LSP<sup>1</sup> foundations, launching with a full first-party stack, and executing a rapid iterative delivery roadmap

AI Frameworks and Protocols, Github Stars (thousands)



**AI**  
NOVEMBER 25, 2024  
Anthropic releases Model Context Protocol (MCP)

  
MARCH 19, 2025  
Microsoft adds MCP support in CoPilot Studio

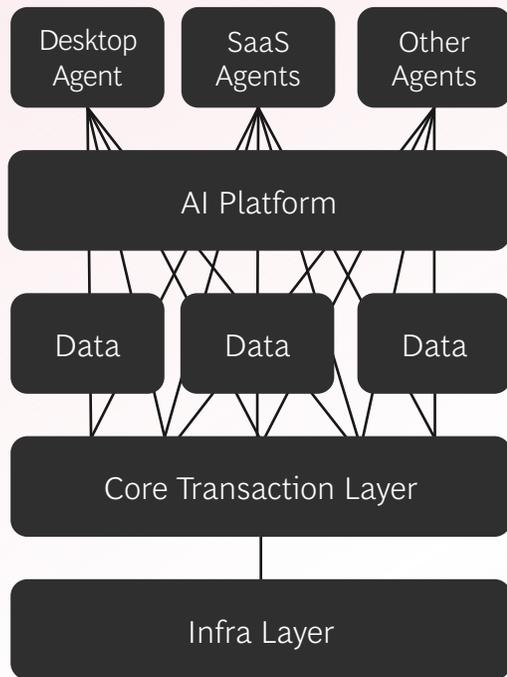
  
MARCH 26, 2025  
OpenAI introduces MCP support for its Agents SDK<sup>2</sup>

  
APRIL, 2025  
Google, Amazon & Azure Agent frameworks adopt MCP

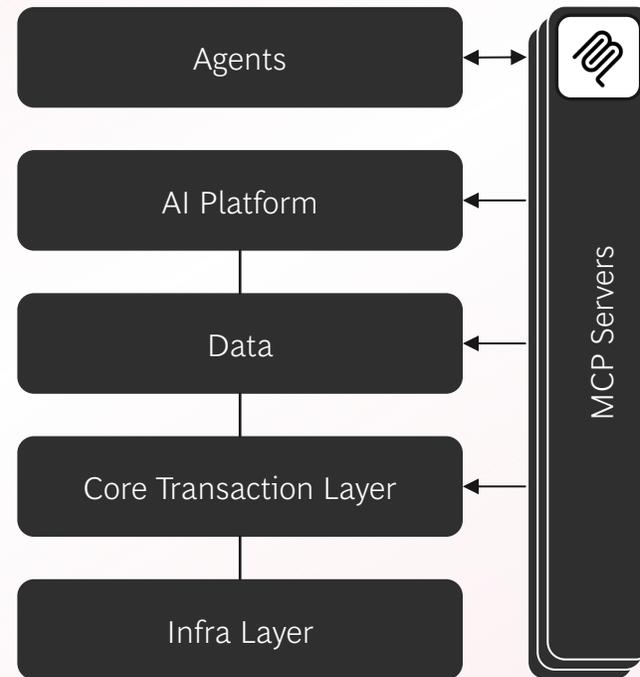
Source: <https://star-history.com/>. 1. Language Server Protocol enabling development tools to communicate with language-specific servers for features like autocomplete, go-to-definition, and hover documentation 2. Software Development Kit

# How to think about MCP in the context of your architecture?

Siloed agents, data and systems, with duplicative or diverging integrations



Transversal shared set of MCP Servers liberating access to data and systems

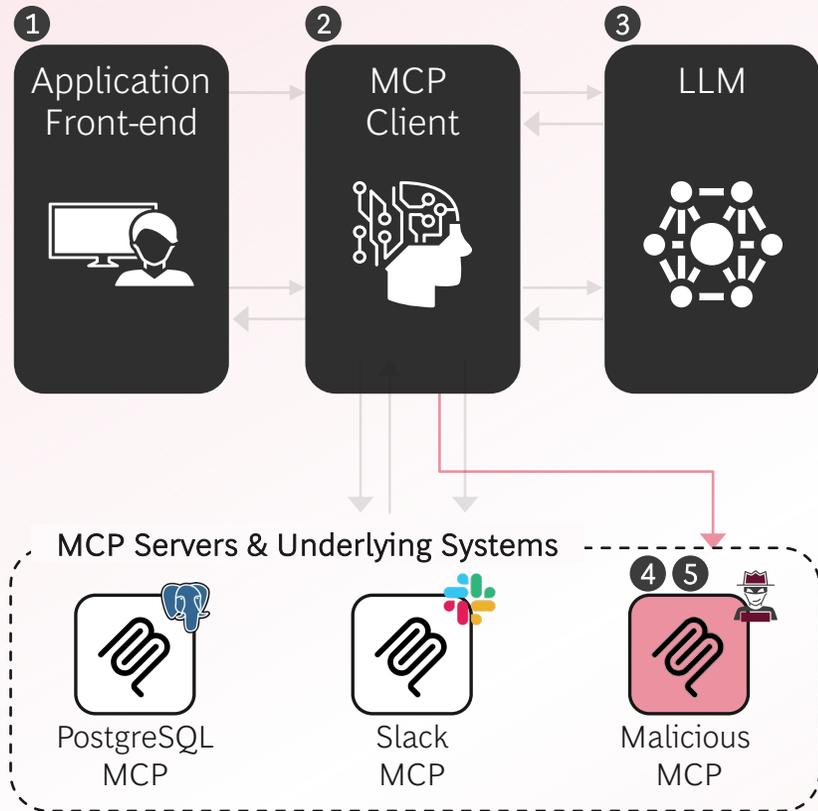


MCP **de-duplicates integration efforts**, and enables faster experiments and seamless system upgrades behind the scenes

MCP doesn't solve all our problems; **currently a lot of work still goes into integrating tools** as adoption maturity is low

MCP value hinges on the Agents that consume them and **broader ecosystem adoption**

# Access to tools creates new risks — security must be foundational, not optional



- 1 Malicious tools can read and **access local credentials** (e.g., SSH<sup>1</sup> keys, config files) and leak them via innocuous inputs
- 2 Agents can be vulnerable to **invisible tool poisoning attacks** where tool descriptions include embedded malicious instructions
- 3 Users may see safe summaries; but models act on full descriptions. This mismatch enables **prompt injection** without user visibility
- 4 Tool logic can be altered server-side after trust is granted, **compromising agent behavior** over time
- 5 One compromised MCP server can influence how agents use tools from other trusted servers—**breaking domain isolation**

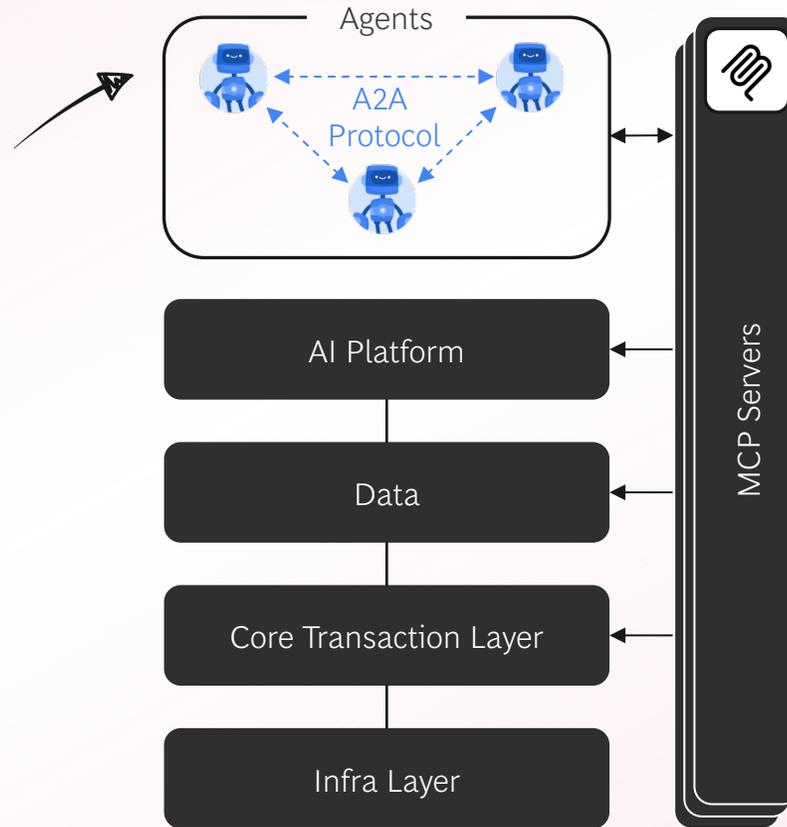
**Treat all tool logic and servers as untrusted.** Enforce OAuth + RBAC<sup>2</sup> on every call, and pin tool versions. Isolate trust domains to prevent cross-server hijacks. Log agent reasoning traces, not just outputs. And don't rely on random GitHub code—verify or build your own.

Source: Anthropic; Invariantlabs; BCG Experience. 1. Secure Shell 2. Role based access control. Illustrated agent tool use risks are applicable to any AI agents and not unique to MCP

# Emerging agent-to-agent protocols, such as Google’s A2A, will work alongside MCP

A2A defines **how agents talk, coordinate, negotiate, and share state—not how they’re built**  
It supports natural communication, plan refinement, task handoffs, and cross-boundary collaboration

Leading agent frameworks including Google’s Agent Developer Kit (ADK), CrewAI, LangGraph, and GenKit already have examples integrating A2A into agent building frameworks to enable **natural agent-to-agent collaboration with each other**



**A2A and MCP solve different layers of the AI tech stack:** A2A handles the dialogue between agents, while MCP enables agents to discover and call each other as resources via AgentCards<sup>1</sup>, and give them access to tools

Proceed with **curiosity and caution**. Protocols like A2A (launched days ago) and IBM’s ACP<sup>2</sup> are promising but expect fragmentation, evolving specs, and competing standards

Source: Google. 1. Agent Card: A public metadata file (usually at /.well-known/agent.json) describing an agent's capabilities, skills, endpoint URL, and authentication requirements. Clients use this for discovery. 2. Agent Communication Protocol

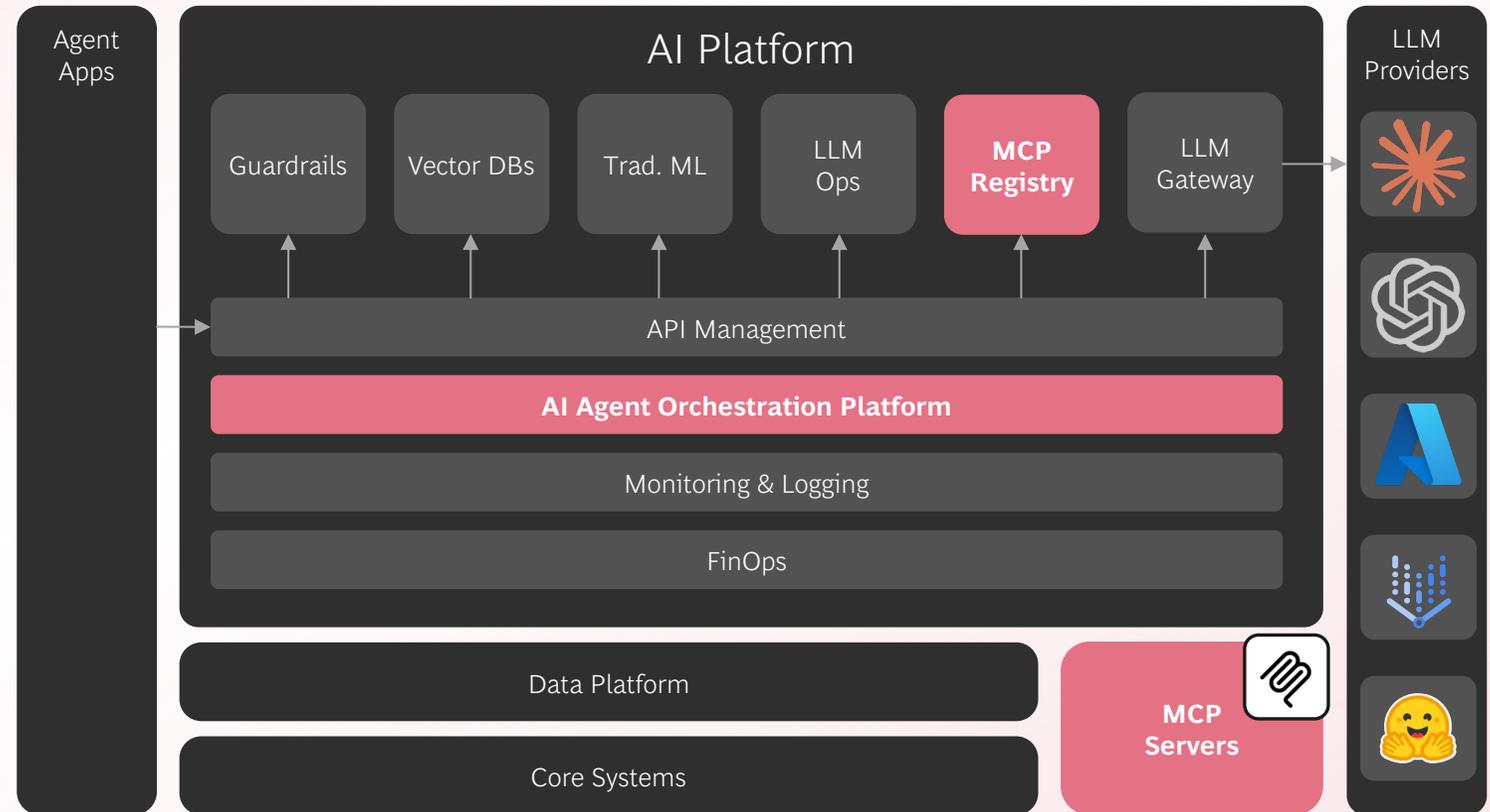
# Agent orchestration & MCP will be the beating heart of the modern AI company

## Agent Orchestration

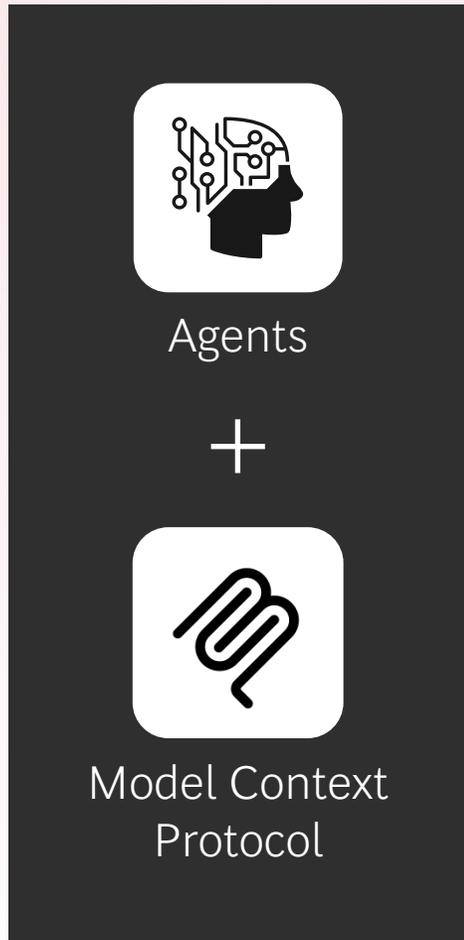
Platform-as-a-service offerings (e.g. Azure AI Foundry, Google Vertex, Amazon Bedrock Agents, Lindy) that enable the creation, orchestration, and deployment of agents through their lifecycle (AgentOps)

## MCP Registry

Directory service that catalogs, governs, and exposes available MCP servers within an organization



# Key points for building Agents with MCP in your Enterprise

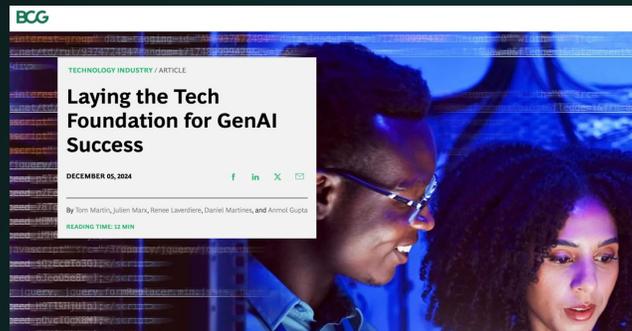


- 1 Eval driven development enable agents at scale**  
Agents without evals are stochastic parrots, not co-workers. Design and build with evals from the start
- 2 Plan out the ‘MCPs’ that will unlock your silos**  
Think through the systems and datasets you want your AIs to access, then implement MCPs as the ‘new data mesh’
- 3 Build an Agent Orchestration platform, and proprietary MCP registry**  
Choose an agent platform to allow you to build and scale agents with evals, and couple with an in-house MCP registry to open up silos
- 4 Review Legal, Data Security, and Privacy implications**  
MCPs bring unique risks, as the ‘AI surface area’ grows beyond limited, and constrained chatbots. *BCG does not provide legal or compliance advice*
- 5 Technical Appendix for further reading at the end of the document**

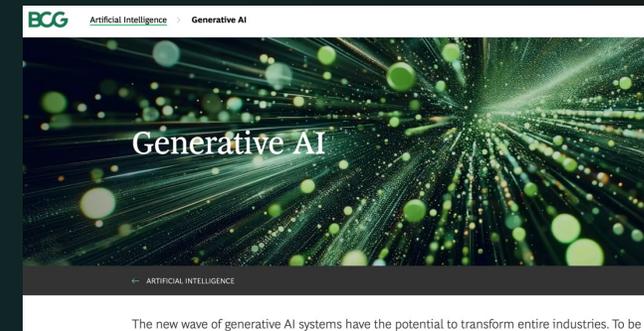


Read more of BCG's perspectives

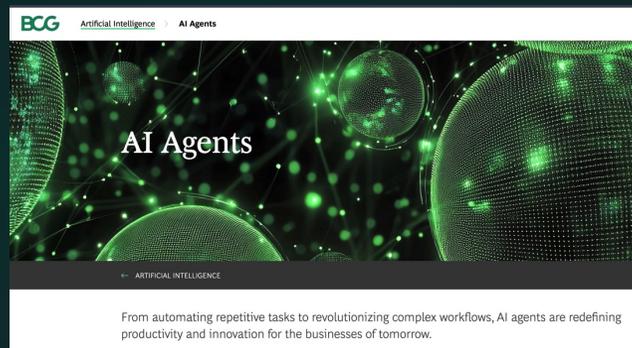
## Building Multi-model platforms



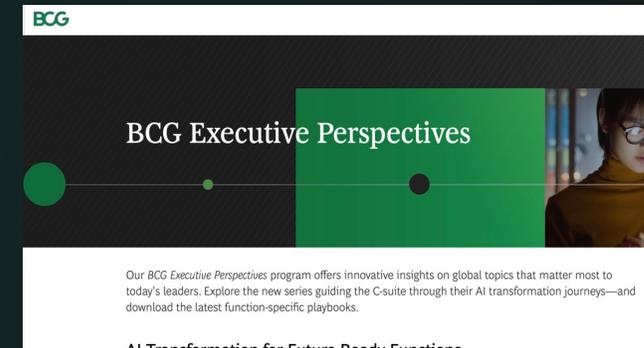
## AI on BCG.com



## Latest thinking on Agents



## Our Executive Perspective Series



# Get in touch with our AI team

Co-Authored this paper 



Vladimir Lukic



Nicolas De Bellefonds



Benjamin Rehberg



Djon Kleine



Tom Martin



Julien Marx



Marc Schuurin



Nicole Mönter



Matthew Kropp



Darshana Thakker



Niels Degrande



Daniel Martines



Steve Mills



Jeffrey Walters



Becky Frederick



Helen Han



Dan Sack



Geoffrey Sipperly

## AI Platforms Group



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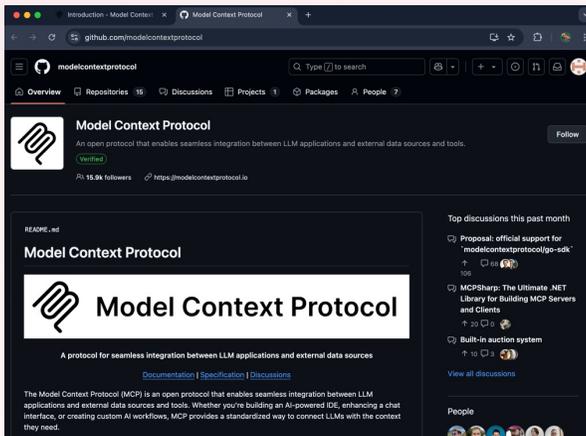
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# Technical appendix

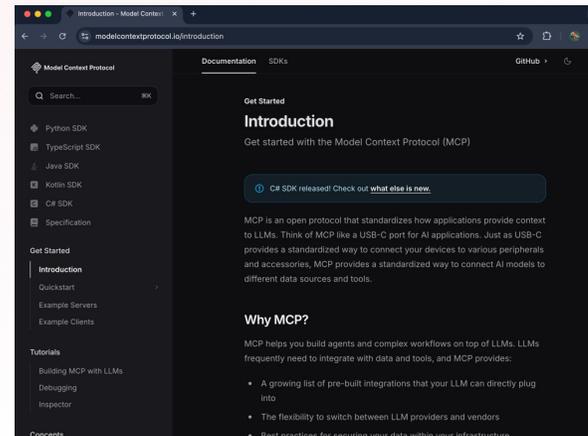
# Anyone can build MCP clients or MCP servers, it's truly open source

Built in public with feedback loops



MCP is developed as an open-source project on GitHub, encouraging community contributions and transparency; with key players such as Pydantic contributing to the protocol

Comprehensive Documentation



Anthropic provides detailed documentation, providing clear guidelines and best practices for developers to understand and implement MCP effectively

Growing list of supported MCP SDKs



MCP offers official SDKs in multiple programming languages, including Python, TypeScript, and C#, facilitating seamless integration across diverse development environments

# Many MCP servers have been built and shared across the eco-system...

Non-exhaustive

### Enterprise software




Connects agents with Salesforce's CRM platform, enabling retrieval and interaction with Salesforce data & metadata




Supports agents in retrieving and managing IT service management data (e.g. incidents, requests) through ServiceNow's APIs




Supports agents in deploying Cloudflare Workers, querying D1 databases, or copying data between KV storage and R2 buckets

### Desktop automation




Enables agents by reading, writing, searching, and organizing files on the host machine (within permitted directories)




Allows agents to programmatically navigate websites, extract information, or fill out forms; mimicking desktop web browsing tasks




Enables agents to retrieve and transform live websites, fetches content, strips HTML, or converts to Markdown

### Productivity tools




Enables agents to interact with Slack workspaces – post messages, read threads, and manage channels via the Slack API




Allows agents to list, read, and search Drive files, converting Google Docs/Sheets into plain text for LLM consumption




Lets agents manage to-do lists by reading, adding, or updating task. Supports natural language task tracking, reminders, and project-based productivity flows

### Software Dev/Ops tools




Gives agents access to repository content, issues, pull requests, and commits through GitHub APIs




Lets agents retrieve and analyze application errors, alerts, and logs from Sentry.io allows, debugging, and surfacing insights from observability pipelines




Enables agents to query metrics, logs, traces, and dashboards via Grafana's APIs to manage incident analysis, on-call alerts, and live monitoring queries

Diverse and growing network of MCP servers is emerging across enterprise

Official MCPs are still early-stage; documentation gaps and incomplete tool definitions are common

Widespread access creates surface area for cyber risk; robust static security and isolation are mandatory

# Emerging best practices for designing, using and building with MCP and Agents

## 1 Use structured frameworks

Accelerate development with orchestration libraries such as the MCP SDKs, FastMCP, Langgraph, or many others!

## 2 Design tools precisely

Define clear, scoped tool descriptions—agent reasoning quality depends on precision and coherence

## 3 Limit cognitive overload

Keep toolsets under 100 per call; expose only what the agent truly needs

## 4 Evaluate LLM outputs

Continuously test LLM reasoning paths—no evals means no guarantees

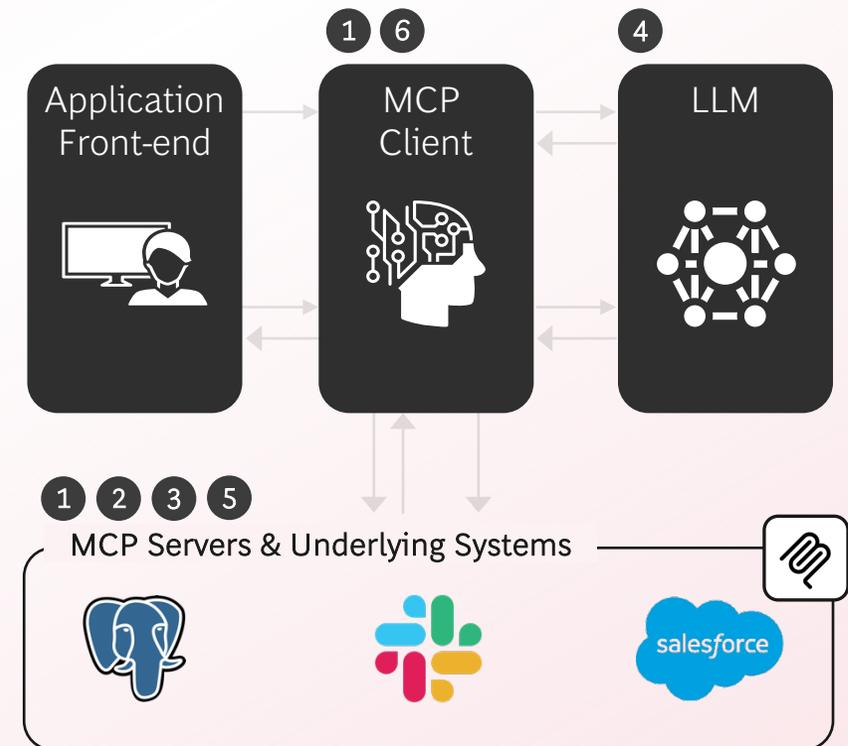
## 5 Modularize via server boundaries

One MCP server per system improves routing clarity & flexibility

## 6 Secure agent interactions

Enforce auth for front-end MCP clients to protect user and system access via OAuth

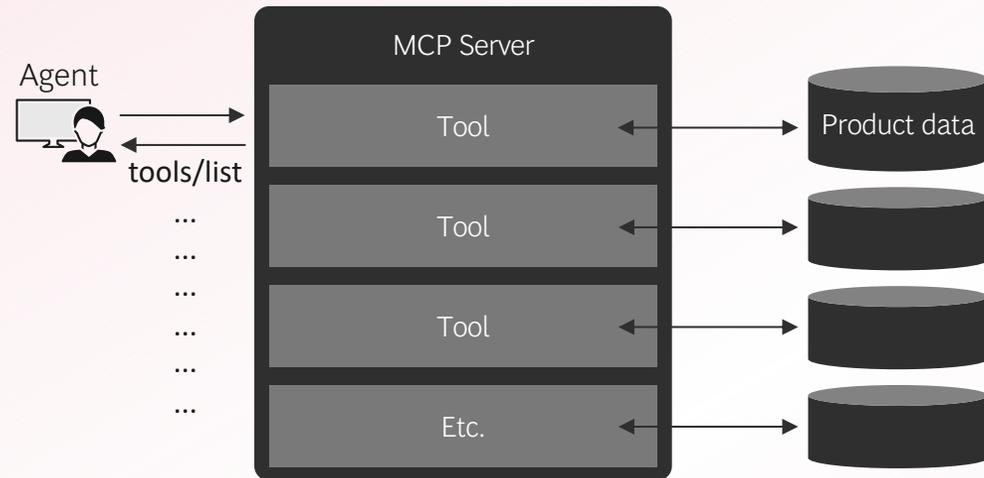
Deep-Dive



# Avoid monoliths or microservices at the extremes when building MCP servers



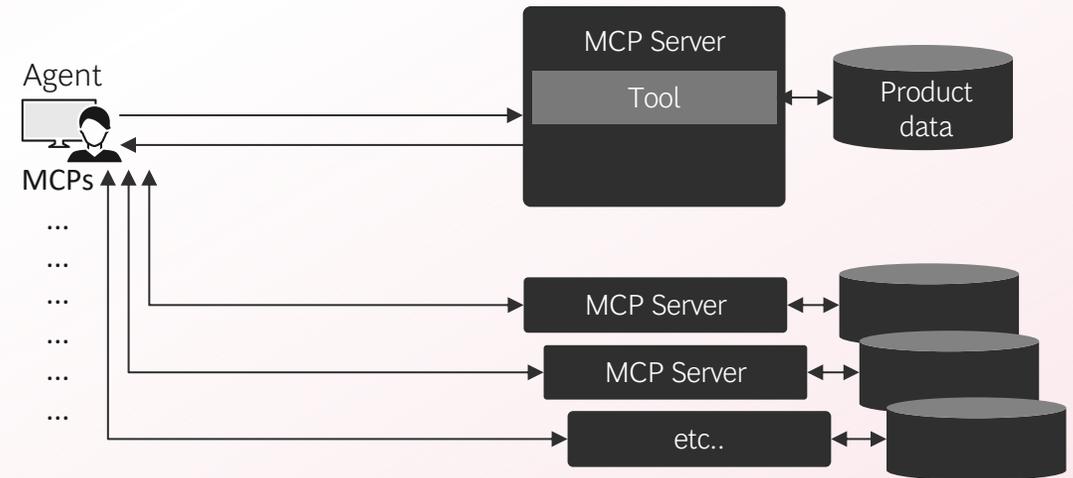
## Monolith MCP pattern



Monolith MCP servers **bundle multiple tool integrations** or functions into one server across service boundaries, potentially **overloading the agent** with too many choices

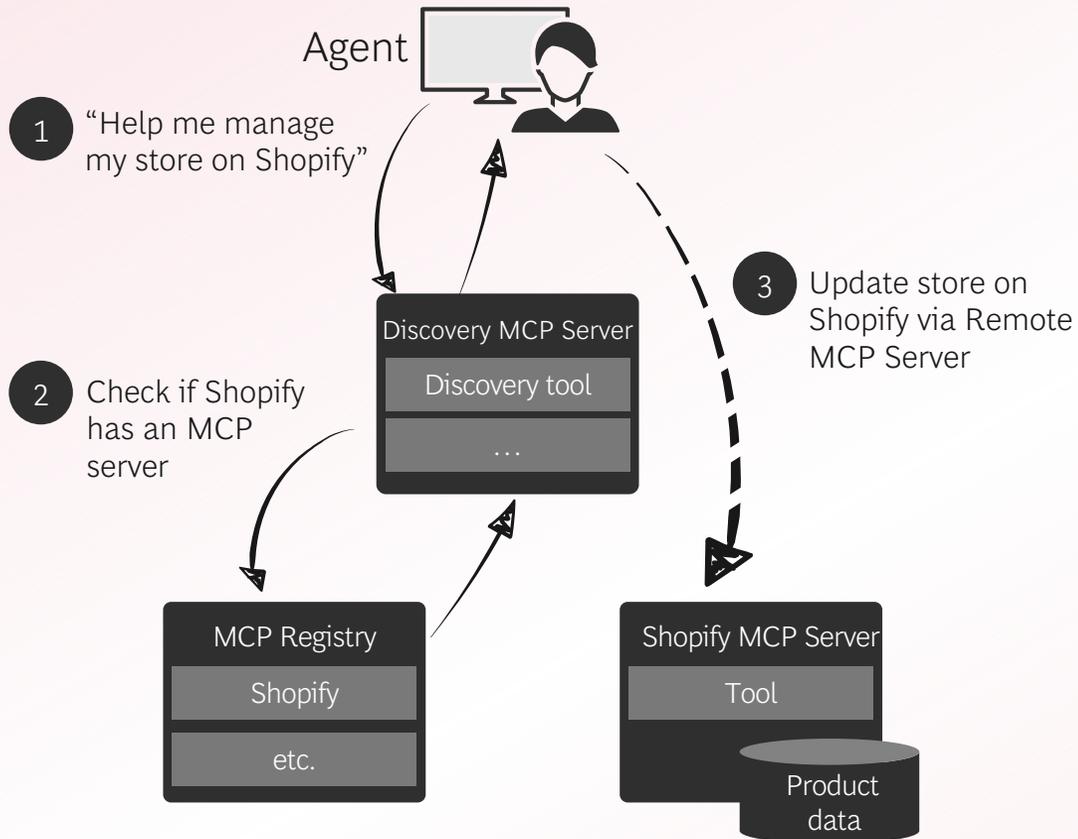


## Microservice MCP pattern



Microservice MCP servers host a **subset of tools**, which can lead to a highly complex, unmanageable agent architecture, **undermining interoperability and reusability**

# Focus on building lean MCP servers, leverage dynamic server discovery if needed



- 1 Agent receives a user request (i.e. “Help me manage my Shopify store”)
- 2 Checks a registry or the target domain’s .well-known/mcp.json for available MCP servers
- 3 Dynamically loads the server’s schema/actions without needing manual configuration

Avoids overwhelming the agent with all tools up front & adapts instantly to new or evolving server endpoints and APIs

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